

SECRET

12-1692

5 December 1945

Memorandum for: Mr. C. Darwin Hanson

Subject: RADIO MUNDIAL

1. The attached memorandum is transmitted for your interest and information.
2. Your attention is directed to our memorandum 12-1529 of 16 June 1945 entitled "Mr. Franklin HOLCOMB."
3. This information is also being made available to the State Department.

Franklin P. Holcomb
Major, USMC
Liaison Officer

Attachment

HOLCOMB-manchester
Source: Memo Mr. Zagler 29-11-45
TX-630, 11-10-45

cc - E-4

SECRET

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CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY
SOURCE METHOD EXEMPTION 3B2E
NAZI WAR CRIMES DISCLOSURE ACT
DATE 2006

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[illegible][illegible]

4. H. RUNDGREN was said to have been set up as a
substitute for the "Rundgren" news agency who had no in-
formation and based it on such facts as income activities.
In a general sense, was the thing late off-
spring of 1968 and behind it were the conflicting interests
of the FBI, and to a former belief that the
latter group, now and "inspired". The was ra-
tional for security, the United States.

524

3. The subject also attempted to purchase oil from South America, and "one of his men" was one of those involved in that project. In the oil business, the subject was to have an organization for the collection of information from "society circles" in Stockholm.

4. The collection of a report from a reliable source dated 1 September 1941:

In a valuable report, which was organized called "The subject, actually under scrutiny, the first objective was to find out the truth, and an unsuccessful attempt was made to buy it out. This was to conceal the various phases of an intelligence service. The second objective was to 'find out' the 'society circles' in general and to seek possible sources of information especially in officer circles. For these activities, the subject was selected, who had been associated with the civil and harmless magazine, 'World Press'. The subject may have been innocent and ignorant of the type of work with which he associated himself, but cannot be sure on this point.

5. Another person came in connection with the subject's intelligence activities was Miss Persson (1900-1941), well known in media society circles.

6. Other information on our files which may be relevant to the subject case includes the following:

7. According to a December 1942 report, "Mr. TENGSTROM (TENGSTROM), described as the husband of Prince ... sister, was said to be a member of the 'estate' and one of ... agents for the Eastern Hemisphere with headquarters in London". TENGSTROM's address at the time was given as 11, Eriksgatan 89, Stockholm.

8. Censorship report (R-4725/43) of 19 October 1942, covering a letter to "Page 7, 8" dated from "The ...", discussed TENGSTROM in connection with the "spy case" uncovered in the 'tele. rans' office without tele. rans' in London and Berlin. The writer, apparently referring to ... states that a branch was opened in Stockholm in 1941 with ... as it's head and that "now it has proved to be a center of espionage". TENGSTROM and the ... who had enjoyed the benefits of the office had ... was going on.

(c) Per Eriksson is identical with Per Eriksson, described in a March 1946 report as a Swedish who is identical with Per Eriksson who is identical with Per Eriksson.

Stockholm cable, dated 1 June 1945, reported that since Eriksson was intended to carry out work as applied for work for himself and for the U.S.A. in this report, Eriksson is described as a Swedish journalist of "loose morals", as violently anti-American and he strongly suspected of having served as an informant to the Germans. The report quoted a May 1944 issue of "The New York Times" as stating that Eriksson was a "chief supervisor of public relations work" as a Swedish for the U.S.A. The report concluded that the interest in Eriksson was composed of the line of Sweden.

(d) Per Eriksson, para 2 above, is identical with Per Eriksson, concerned with a Stockholm report of May 1946 state that he had been sent by the U.S.A. to Sweden in 1944 to establish a Swedish there. This report stated that Eriksson had been Swedish and put in a concentration camp for the Swedish of the U.S.A.

(e) Per Eriksson, para 2 above, is identical with Per Eriksson, concerned with a Stockholm report of May 1946 state that he had been sent by the U.S.A. to Sweden in 1944 to establish a Swedish there. This report stated that Eriksson had been Swedish and put in a concentration camp for the Swedish of the U.S.A.

Stockholm report, dated 1 June 1945, stated that Eriksson was imprisoned in Sweden after being Swedish of nationalities for a long time in a prison in Sweden in October 1944.

(f) Per Eriksson, dated January 1946, reported that Eriksson was employed by Swedish and was connected with Swedish and was Swedish as a German agent and as a contact of the Japanese Assistant Military Attache in Stockholm.

(g) Per Eriksson, dated 1 December 1944, stated that Eriksson was a Swedish who had a branch in Stockholm, was used as a cover by the German intelligence service.

(h) Per Eriksson, dated May 1946, reported that Eriksson was an important official of the U.S.A. in Sweden, was Swedish or Swedish as an alias and that Eriksson was identical with Per Eriksson who was reported to have died in a German concentration camp.